

OFTHE

THE

BRITISH NATION.

Saturday, October 22. 1709.

ND now, good People all, will you allow me to preach a little?——
It is not often that I trouble you with any of my Divinity; I acknowledge, the Pulpit is none of my Office-It was my Disaster first to be set a-part for, and then to be set a-part from the Honour of that Sacred Employ- But fuffer a Man loaded with your most contemptibe Thoughts, and as much as you please scorn'd and reproach'd, to turn upon you with Inftruction, and attempt to move you in a Thing which it is your Interest to regard; perhaps you will not hear, because of the Man that speaks. Be that at your own Doors.

Doft thou teach US? Says the proud Haters of this Paper, and its Author a Thou that were alsogether born in Sin, doft thou teach US? Look you, Gentlemen—Your Contempt I have learn'd to contemn, I scorn the Scorner -- It has been my Honour to be heard and valued by the best King that ever reign'd over you And I can, with a Boasting not contrary to Modefty, write it on my Grave, as the true Character of my Life,

By wife Men coursed, and by Fools despis'd.

He that cannot live above the Scorn of Scoundrels, is not fit to live ; Dogs will bark, Malice will rage, Slander will revileand they shall & without lessening one Moment of my Tranquility.

When Envy grins, and Slander barks, And clamouring Monsters rail ? They neither can my Passions move, Or on my Smiles prevail.

I premise this, to anticipate the scandalous Folly of them, who value themselves upon speaking Evil of the Men they know not, and of the Things they understand not, and to let them know, their sinking Breath of Clamour will be lost upon me; if I speak Evil, let them bear Witness of that Evil; if Well, let them hear the Doctrine for its own Sake———And if the Teacher should go to be hang'd, he asks them no

Reprieve.

But without any more Preamble, shall I tell you my Subject? - Gentlemen, I am perswaded, the first Thought of it will frike you with some Terror, and prepare you for Seriousness and Attention-The floutest Heart among you - tho' he could dare Heaven, blaspheme his Maker, imprecate Damnation, and defie Futurity; yet at the Sound of my Text-Something chill and cold shall run thro' his Bleodand an involuntary Chagrin flart into his brightest Air - The Smiles shall of a sudden adjourn from his Countenance, and whether he will or no, he shall THINK a little --- A Thing very irksome to those that are not us'd to it, and especially to those that have nothing within them, which they dare think of.

My Text shall be taken out of no Book, no not the Bible—But is the Foot of Account, or as the Merchants call it, the Nest Produce of the present State of the World—at least of these Parts of it—

And it is in short express'd thus;

PLAGUE, FAMINE, BLOOD.

It is a terrible Text— The Subject requires to be handled seriously, and listen'd to awfully; let him jest with it that dares; I assure you, I dare not.

And now to proceed by my own Method, without Regard to Pulpit-Forms

Take first a short View of what I mean by these three terrible Words—in a double Proposition, (Viz.)

That these Three have been, are at this time, or quickly will be, raging all over

Europe.

Take it a-part.

 One or other of them has raged in every Part of Europe, fince the Beginning of the last War.

2. All of them, it is very likely, will visit every Part of Europe, before the End

of this War.

I cannot approve of a Temper forward to cry out—and am always for making the best of every Thing; I hate alarming Mankind, nor am I easie to be alarm'd my self; before I enter therefore upon the serious Part, I shall give you an Abridgement of the State of Europe, with Respect to the three awful Word, which I call my Text—and I shall make clear to you, how all Europe has been afflicted, or is afflicted—or what Reason we have to fear, will be afflicted with all the Judgments.

apply it for you.

To begin with the Revolution; The Calamities of Europe were coming to a Height; the French Power was become a just Terror to all their Neighbours—
He was falling upon the Emperor, while he was embarras'd on the other hand with a War against the Turks; Popery, by the Power of French Councils, was creaing a new Fabrick of Tyranny in Britain, when the People of England, justly alarm'd, call'd in the Aid of the Dutch——And here began the greatest and bloodiest War that ever Europe self; the most terrible and most universal; Liberty against Oppression,

thas

that has been the Quarrel; the Parties have been, only France, against almost all the rest of Europe, and it has now, excepting a small Interval, lasted 21 Years.

During this War, let us examine, what has Europe suffer'd, what Desolation, Slaughter, and Devastation has been made by the Hand of Violence, and where has

the Sword devour'd, and how?

The first particular Country, that suffer'd by the Eruption of the War, was the Palatinate, and the Frontiers of Germany; after the Taking of Phillipsburgh in 1688, the French ravag'd and almost destroy'd all that Part of the Empire, burnt Heidleburgh, Spire, Manbeim, Worms, Frankendale, and above 260 Villages --- which Desolation still remains, and reduc'd the miserable Inhabitants to the Extremity of Famine, which made them fly abroad then, as many more of them have done now was FAMINE and BLOOD, by which above 30000 of the People were faid to be destroy'd, and the most flourishing Country of that Part of the World made a Defart, and in a manner remains so to this Day.

Ireland was the next that felt the Stroke; and here SICKNESS, we must not call it Plague, Famine, and Blood, raged for three Years—— The First carry'd off 20000 Men in our Camp at Dundalk, and the Enemies who lay by us——— Famine deftroy'd, some bave said, 14050 People in London-Derry—I do not say it was so many, but a very great Number—— And it was King William's Opinion, that the Irish War cost, on both sides, the Lives of above 150000 People—Besides above 18000 Men, who, at the Surrenders of Galloway and Limerick, went away into France, took Service in the French Atmies, and are very

few of them left.

It would be endless to trace the Expence of Blood in these Shambles of Men, Flanders and Italy; what sell at the Battles of Walcour, Flerus, Steenkirk, and Landen?—At the Sieges of Mons, Charleroy, and Namure—All on this side, at the Battles of Marsalia in Italy; Spirebach and Newburgh in Germany; the several Sieges of Landau, Phillipsburgh, and Brisae; the Attacks of

Stolbofnia, and the Fort of Khiel? These before the French began to fink.

Since that, let us go into Bavaria; there you had three Battles; One near Nordlingen, where Count Stirum was defeated; One at Donawers, One at Hockfies. What Blood, Fire, Deftruction, and Ruin has Bavaria suffer'd?

Italy has been over-run by the French to the Gates of Trent, Ivrea, Verceil, Cafal, and Turin belieg'd; various Battles at Chiari on the Banks of the Adda and the Po—— The Germans in their Turn pierce to the Borders of France, fight the great Battle of Turin, enter Provence, beliege Thoulon, Exilles, Fenefirelles, and Sufa; the French acknowledge to have loft above 1000000 Men in Italy; and the Germans, with the Italians have loft full as many.

Pass then into Spain, to the several Sieges of Barcelova, the Siege of Tortofa, Alicant, Gibraltar, and Lerida, coming at last to the Battles of Almansa and Badajos—
What Blood has Spain cost us?— Not to

say to bow little Purpose.

Thus, I think, we have search'd for Blood, and sound all the Nations swimming in it. I have left out the Battles of Ramellies, Oudenard, Winendale, and Mons; the Sieges of Menin, Liste, and Tournay, and all the Actions depending on these; let Men but think, what a River of Blood has run thro' these Parts of the World—And where have any Countries been free? Go then North, and take a View of the Hungarian Rebellion, the War between the Swede, the Poles, the Saxons, and Muscovite, the Battles of Narva, Saiss, Cracow, Gorts in Silesia, and Pultowa in Thrania.

Here is a Scene of Blood—It is too long to put the Actions together, and state the Loss in every Particular; but having cast them up by my own Account, according to general Report, I reckon, 3724000 People have perish'd since the Year 1688, by the Sword, Famine, and Distresses of War in these Parts of Europe—My Next shall give some Account of the Ress.

ERRATA.

REVIEW, Nº 80. Page 317. Col. I.

Line I. for Reviews last, read last
Reviews; ibid. col. 2. l. 2. for concern'd is,
I. concern'd in is; p. 318. col. I. 1. 37. for
by all the principal Officers of every Office under
their bands, I. by all the Persons concern'd in
is; ibid. col. 2. l. 2. for in Usum, I. secundum Ritum & Formulas.

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Selectarum de Lingua Latina Observationum Libri duo. Prior inscribitur Latini loquendi Norma; b. e. aurei Latinitatu Seculi Locutio. Posterior Barbare vitioseve loquendi Consuetudinem investigat, patefacit, emendat. Uterque in Usum Juventutu, incorruptae Latini Sermonis Integritatis studiosa, consectus. Ductu & Cura JOANNIS KER. Londini, apud J. Robinson, J. Lawrence, C. Bateman, A. Bell, & J. Hartley, Bibliopolas Londinenses.

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N. B: His Mother, the Widow of the late Mr. Christopher Bursless, lives at the Place above mention'd, and is very skilful in the

Business of her own Sex.